

Queueing Networks and Markov Chains analysis with the Octave Queueing Package

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The queueing package

- Analysis of (product-form) Queueing Networks and continuous/discrete Markov chains
- Written in GNU Octave (a free Matlab clone)
- Free software (GPLv3+)

`https://octave.sourceforge.net/queueing/`

The queueing package

- Discrete- and Continuous-time Markov Chains
 - Transient/stationary state occupancy probabilities
 - Expected sojourn times
 - Mean Time to Absorption
 - First Passage Times
- Single-Station Queueing Systems
 - $M/M/1$, $M/M/m$, $M/M/\infty$, $M/M/1/K$, $M/M/m/K$, ...
- Product-Form Queueing Networks
 - MVA and Convolution algorithms
 - Steady-State analysis of Open, Closed and Mixed networks
 - Multiple job classes
 - Performance bounds (Asymptotic, Balanced, Geometric)

Installation and usage

```
octave> pkg install -local -forge queueing
```

```
octave> pkg load queueing
```

```
octave> dtmc([0.5 0.5; 0.2 0.8])
```

```
ans =
```

```
0.28571 0.71429
```

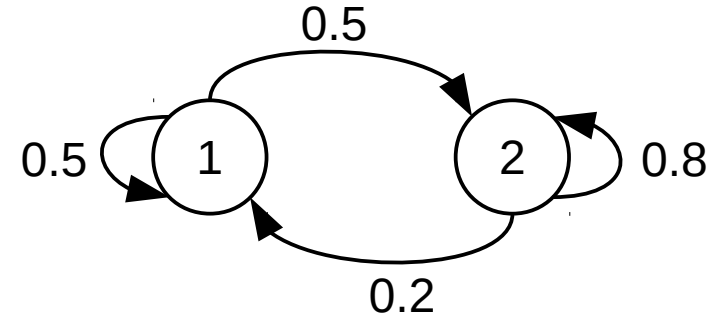
```
octave> help dtmc
```

```
-- Function File: P = dtmc (P)
```

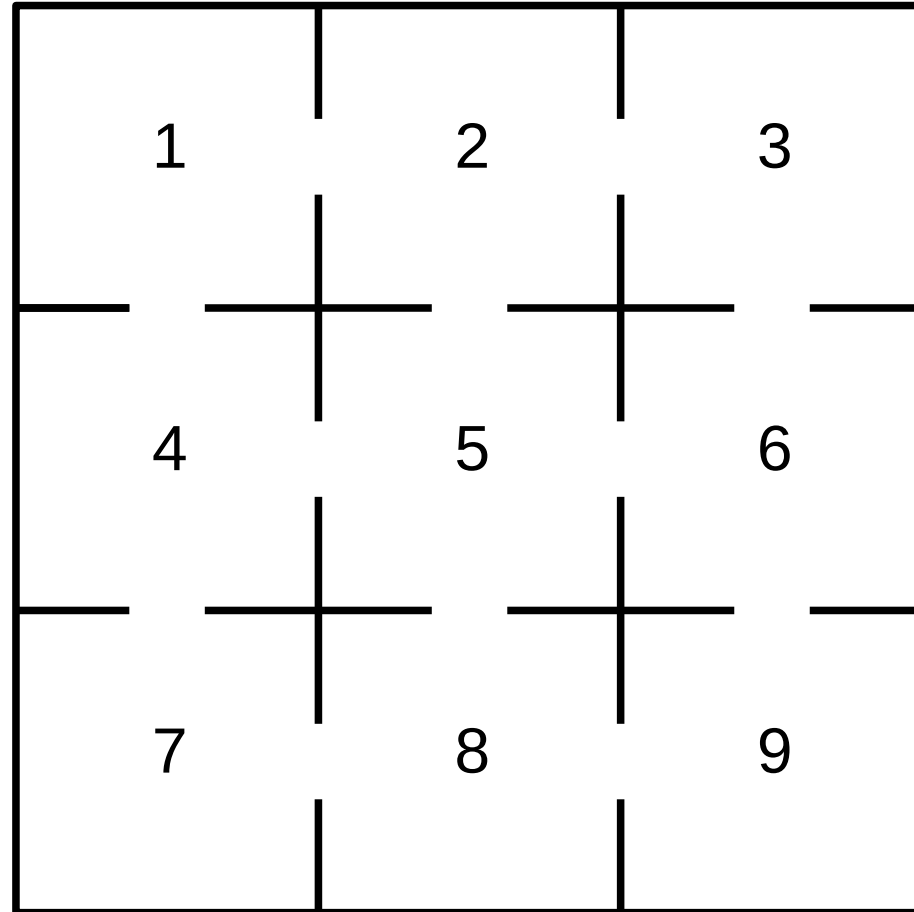
```
-- Function File: P = dtmc (P, N, P0)
```

Compute stationary or transient state occupancy probabilities for a discrete-time Markov chain.

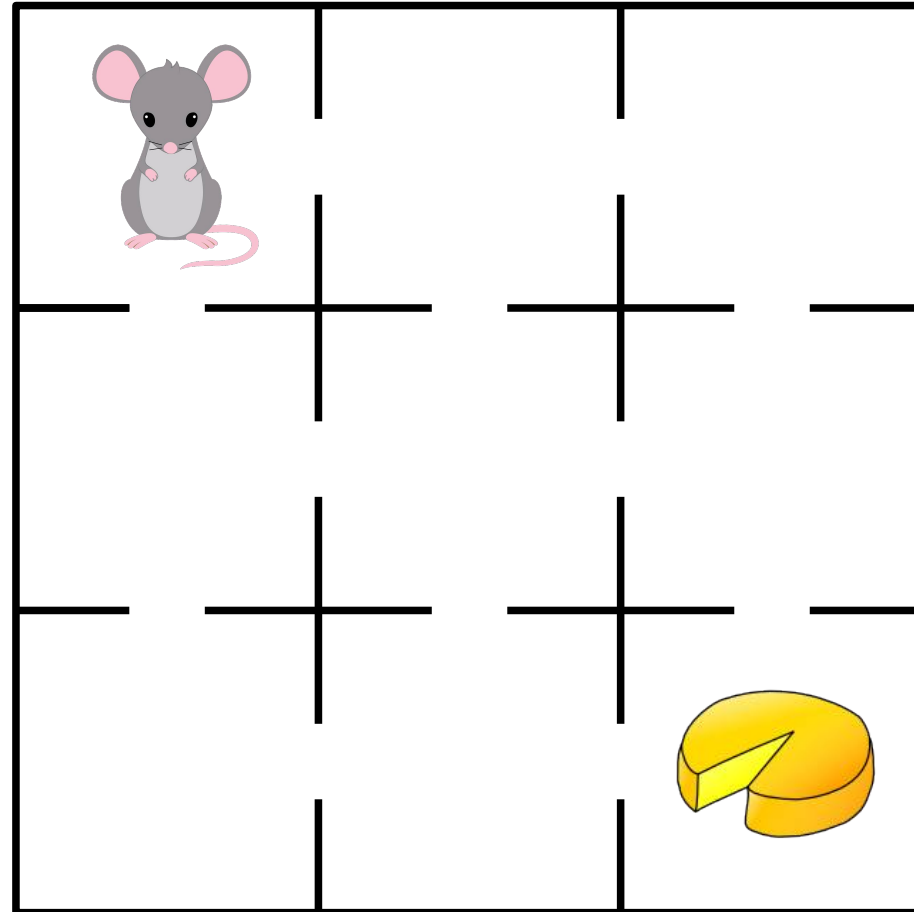
```
...
```



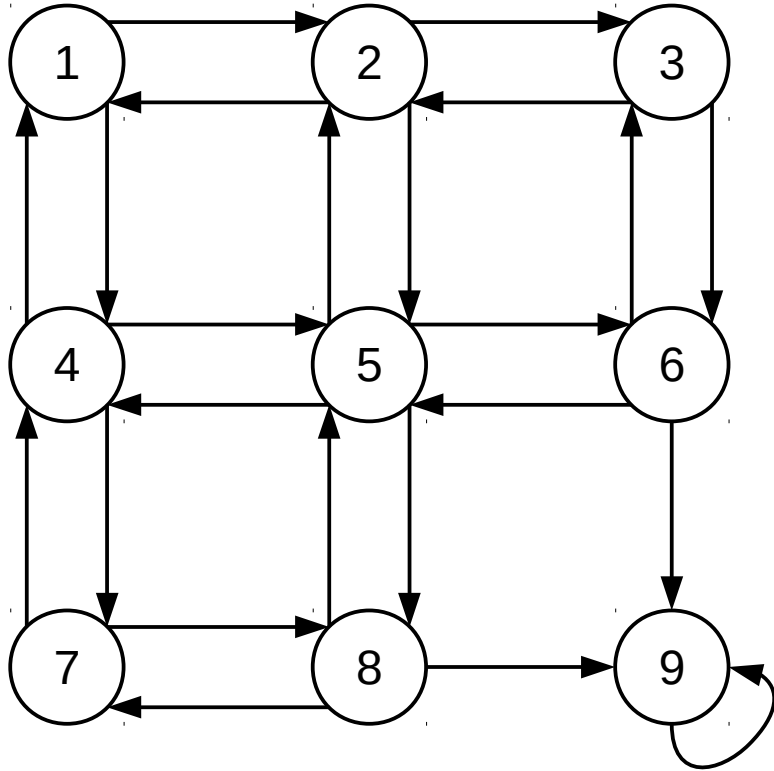
Mouse in a maze



Mouse in a maze



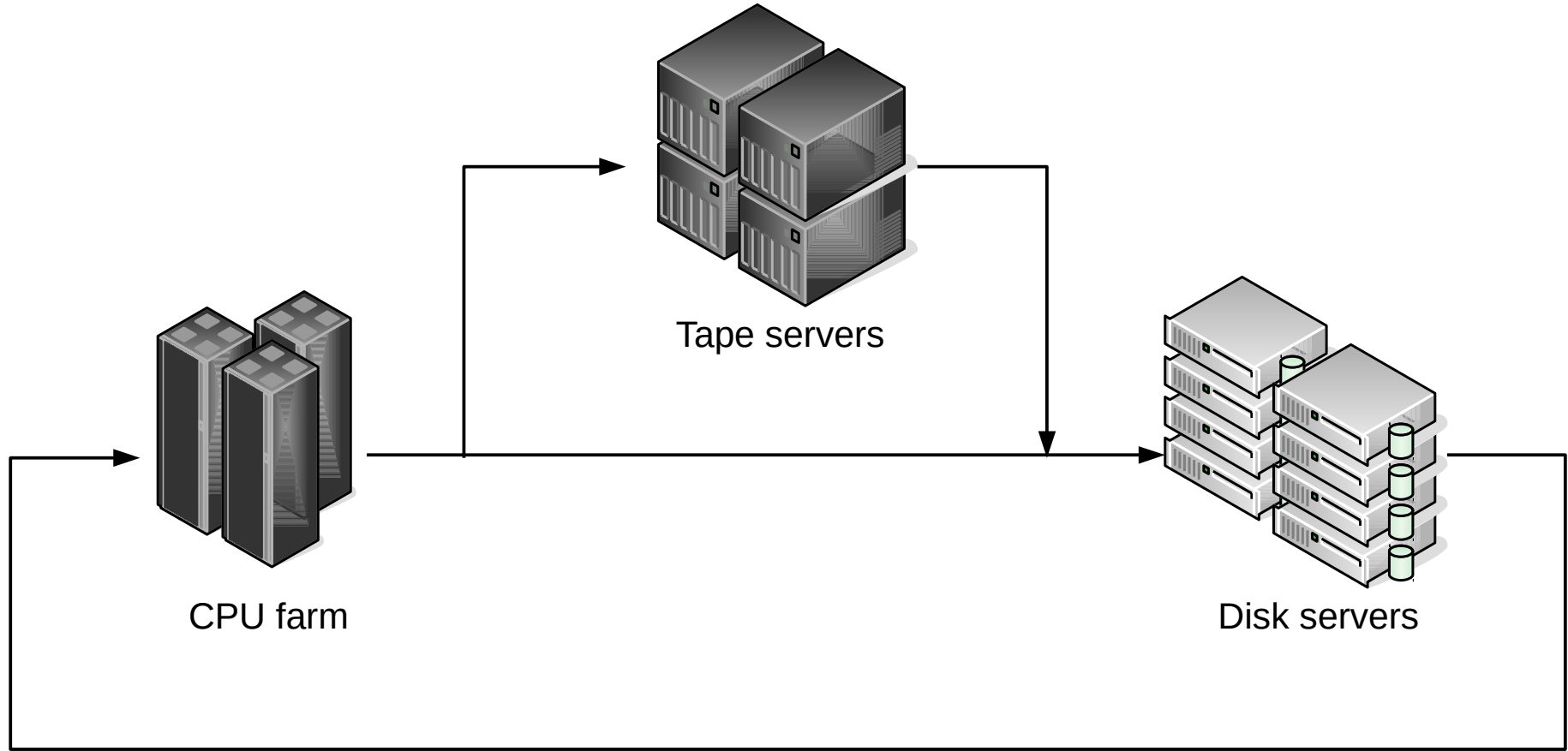
Mouse in a maze



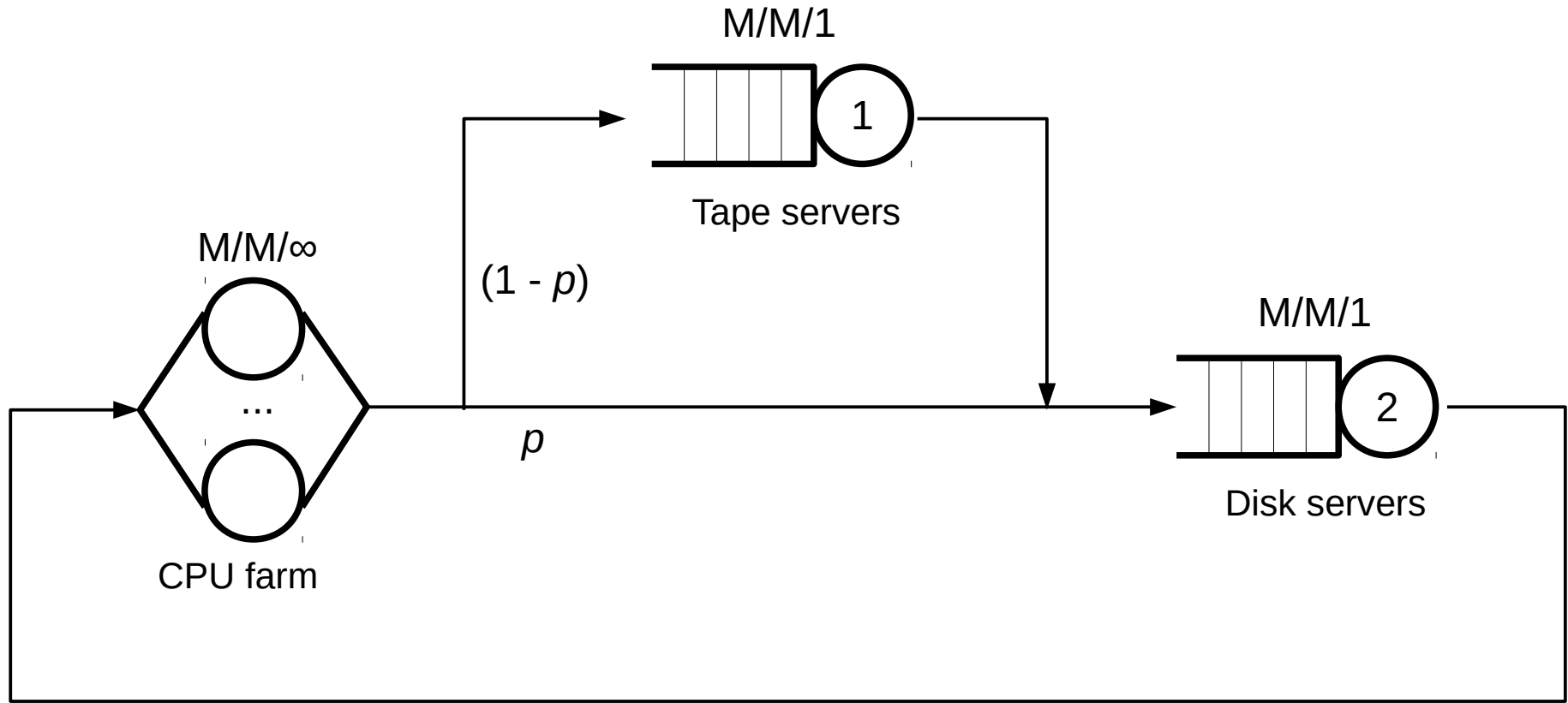
```
P = zeros(9,9);  
P(1,[2 4]) = 1/2;  
P(2,[1 5 3]) = 1/3;  
P(3,[2 6]) = 1/2;  
P(4,[1 5 7]) = 1/3;  
P(5,[2 4 6 8]) = 1/4;  
P(6,[3 5 9]) = 1/3;  
P(7,[4 8]) = 1/2;  
P(8,[7 5 9]) = 1/3;  
P(9,9) = 1;  
p0 = [1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0];  
dtmcmтта(P, p0)
```

ans = 18.000

Example: Compute Farm

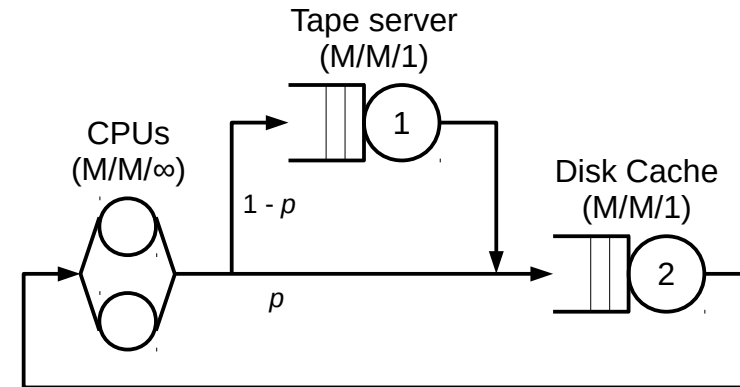


Example: Compute Farm



Example: Compute Farm

- CPU burst $Z = 1800s$
- Tape service time $S_1 = 300s$
- A) Larger cache, slow disks
 - $S_2 = 40s$
 - Cache hit rate $p = 0.9$
- B) Smaller cache, fast disks
 - $S_2 = 30s$
 - Cache hit rate $p = 0.75$



Example: Compute Farm

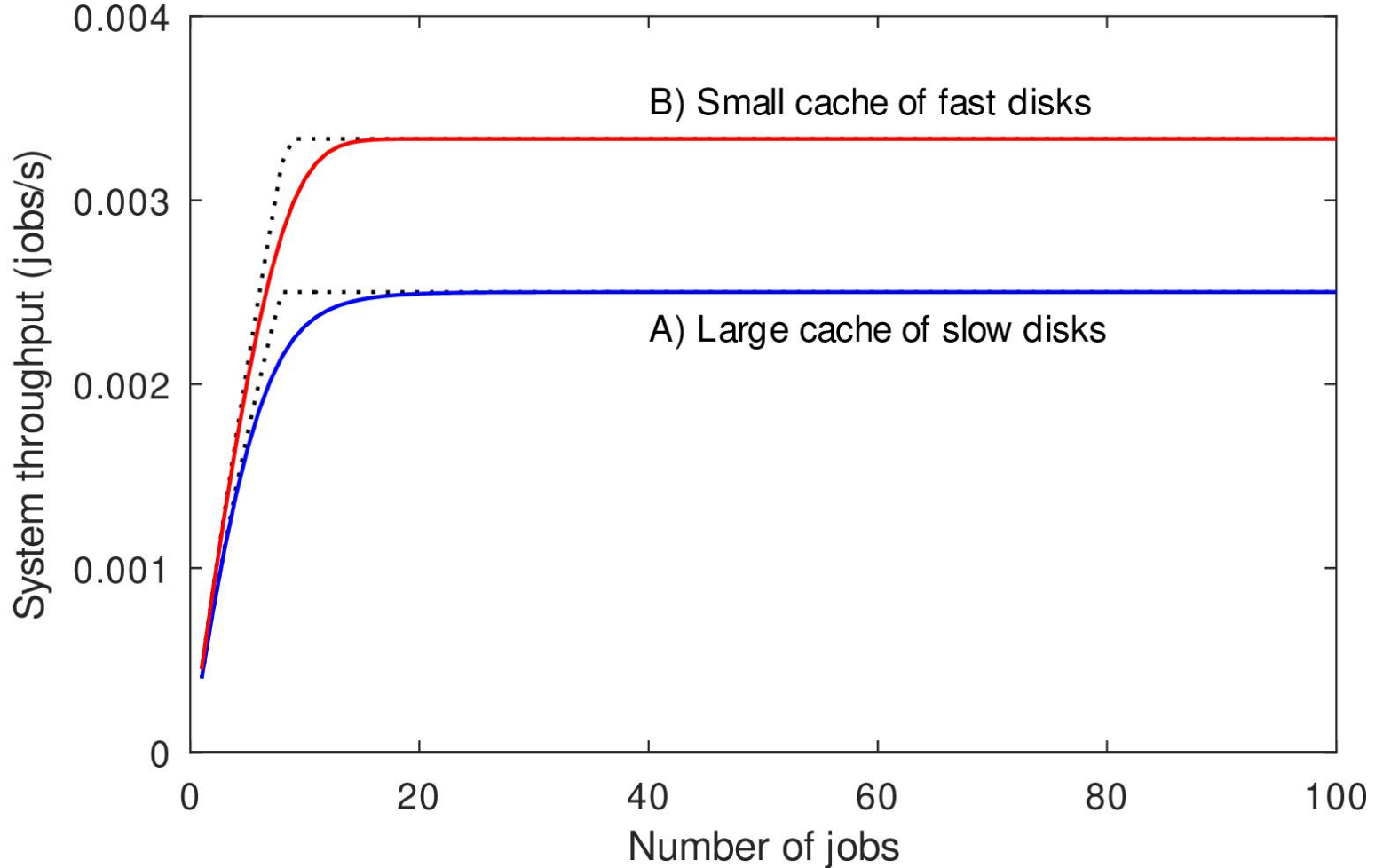
```
SA = [300 40];
pa = .9;
P = [ 0 1;
      1-pa pa ];
VA = qncsvists(P);
DA = SA.*VA
DA =
    300    400
XA = 1/max(DA)
XA =
    2.5000e-03
```

```
SB = [300 30];
pb = .75;
P = [ 0 1;
      1-pb pb ];
VB = qncsvists(P);
DB = SB.*VB
DB =
    300    120
XB = 1/max(DB)
XB =
    3.3333e-03
```

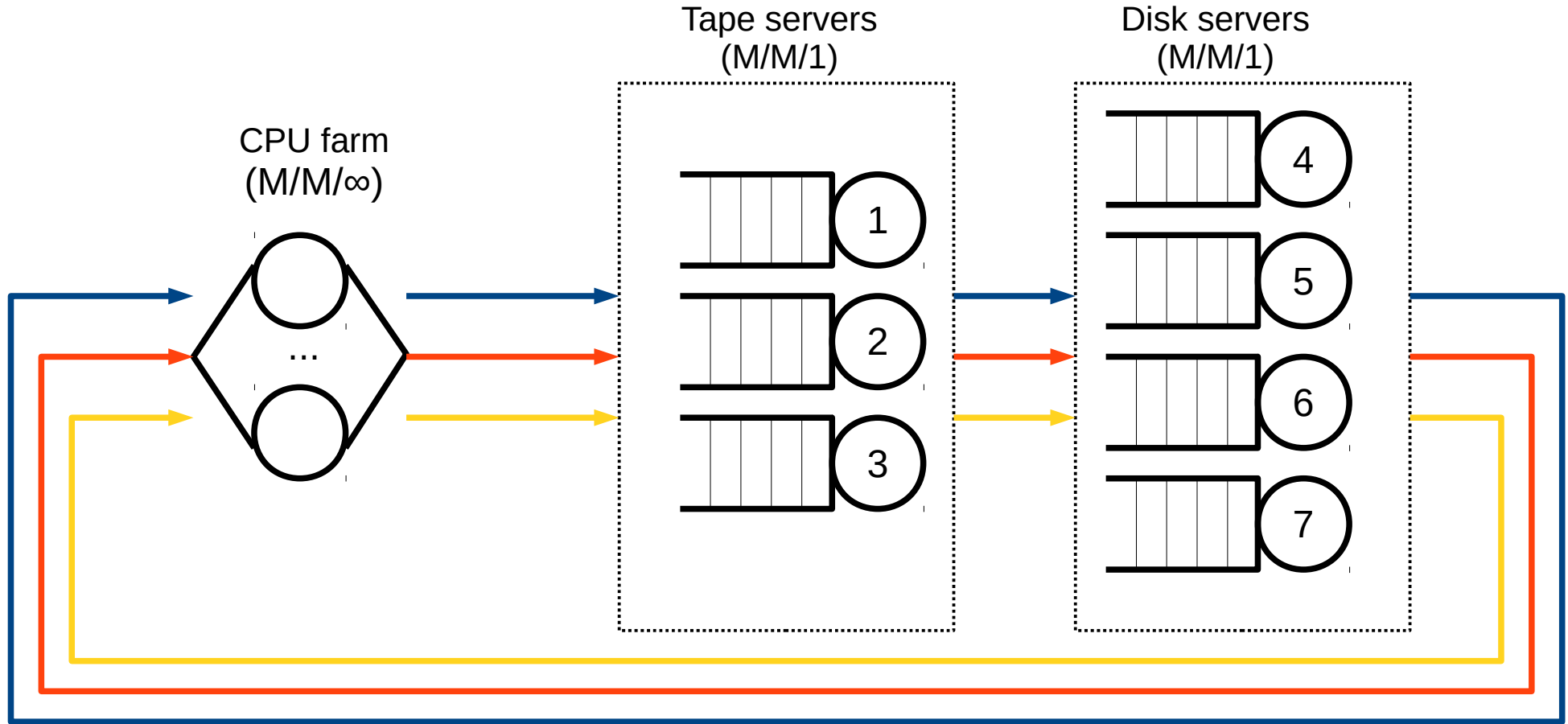
Example: Compute Farm

```
Z = 1800;  
NN = 1:100;  
XA = XB = XA_mva = XB_mva = zeros(size(NN));  
for n=NN  
    [nc XA(n)] = qncsbsb(n, SA, VA, 1, Z);  
    [U R Q X] = qncsmva(n, SA, VA, 1, Z);  
    XA_mva(n) = X(1)/VA(1);  
    [nc XB(n)] = qncsbsb(n, SB, VB, 1, Z);  
    [U R Q X] = qncsmva(n, SB, VB, 1, Z);  
    XB_mva(n) = X(1)/VB(1);  
endfor
```

Example: Compute Farm



Example: Multiclass QN



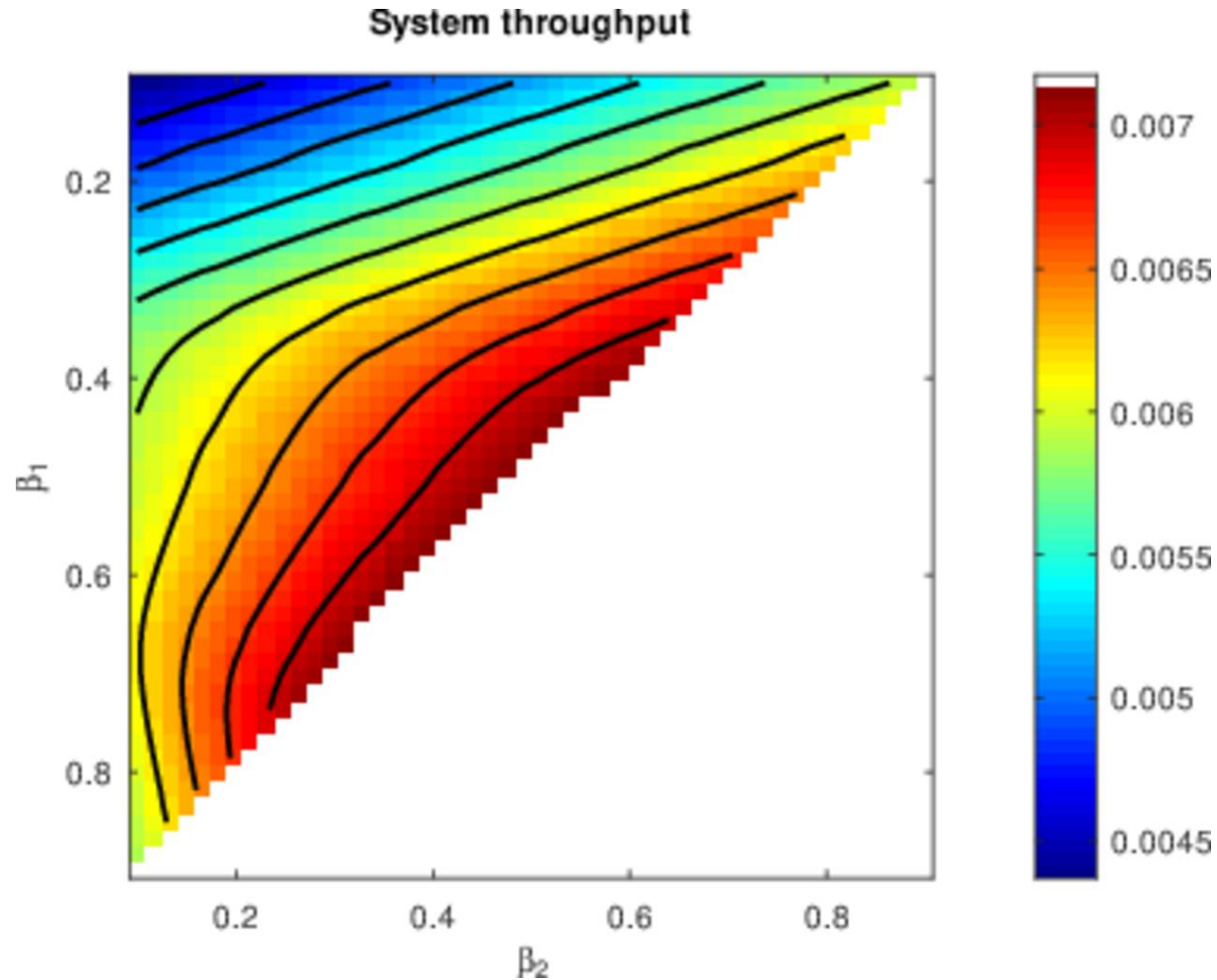
Example: Multiclass QN

```
D = [100 140 200 30 50 20 10;      # service demands
     180 10 70 10 90 130 30;
     280 160 150 90 20 50 18];
Z = [2400 1800 2100];              # mean duration of CPU burst
V = ones(size(D));                 # number of visits
m = [1 1 1 1 1 1 1];              # number of servers
N = [100, 150, 50];

[U R Q X ] = qncmmva( N , D , V , m, Z );
X_sys = sum( X(:,1) ./ V(:,1) )

X_sys = 6.5900e-03
```

Example: Multiclass QN



Why?

- **Modeling Environment**
 - The **queueing** package and GNU Octave can be used for rapid prototyping and iterative refinement of models
 - Parametric studies are possible since models are defined programmatically
- **Reference implementations**
 - The **queueing** package provides implementations of some common QN/MC algorithms, so that people do not have to reimplement the wheel
- **Teaching**
 - **queueing** is used in some Universities to teach performance modeling courses
 - Students can immediately put algorithms at work to solve practical problems

Why not?

- No GUI (*yet*)
 - Steep learning curve: models must be defined programmatically
- No support (*yet*) for extended QNs
 - Blocking, priorities, fork/join, passive resources...
- Known issues with some algorithms
 - Multiclass MVA can be *slow*
 - Numerical instability with load-dependent service centers

Thanks for your attention!

Questions?

<https://octave.sourceforge.net/queueing/>